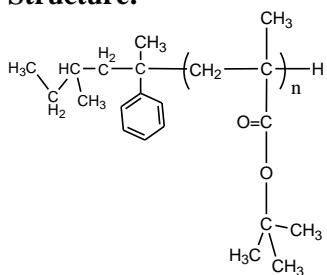


**Sample Name: Poly(t-butyl methacrylate)
isotactic microstructure**

Sample #: P916B-tBuMA

Structure:



Composition:

Mn x 10 ³	PDI
567.5	1.33
Iso-contents	> 87%

Synthesis Procedure:

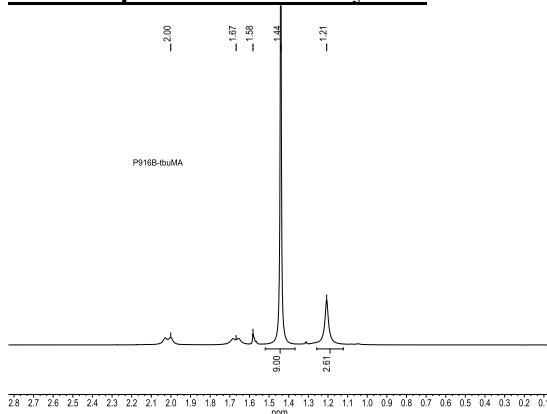
Poly(t-butyl methacrylate) is obtained by living anionic polymerization of t-butyl methacrylate.

Characterization:

The product was characterized by size exclusion chromatography (SEC) and ¹H NMR. Thermal analysis of the samples was carried out using a differential scanning calorimeter (TA Q100) at a heating rate of 10°C/min. The inflection glass transition temperature (T_g) of the sample has been considered.

Solubility: Poly(tert butylmethacrylate) is soluble in THF, CHCl₃, toluene and dioxane. The polymer precipitates from cold methanol and ethanol.

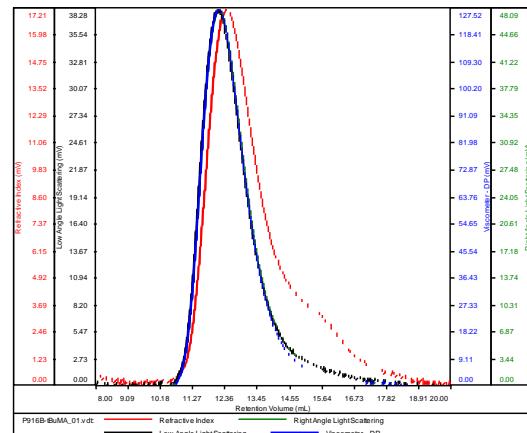
HNMR spectrum of the Polymer:



SEC elugram of Homopolymer:

P916B-tBuMA

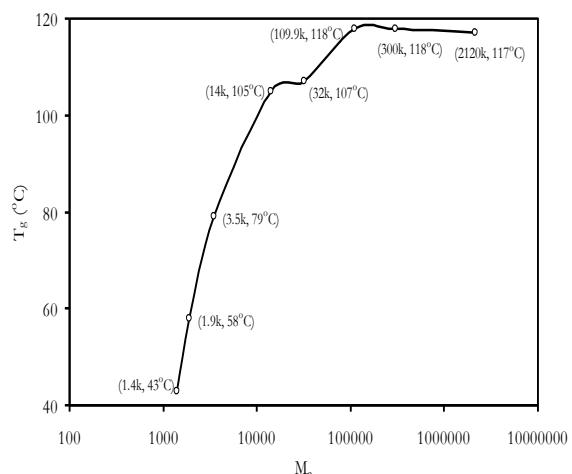
Conc	4.7202
dν/dc	0.0650
Solvent	DMF w/ 0.023M LiBr
Flow Rate	0.7000
Method	PS80k-May2017-00000.vcm



Sample	MW Number Average	MW Weight Average	MW at Peak	Polydispersity	Intrinsic Viscosity
P916B-tBuMA_01.vdt	567.534	759.108	891.811	1.338	0.5619

DSC Thermogram for the sample:

T_g of poly t-butyl methacrylate as function of molecular weight



T_g vs MW for selected poly t-butyl methacrylate

M _n × 10 ³	T _g (°C)	M _n × 10 ³	T _g (°C)
1.4	43	32	107
1.9	58	109.9	118
3.5	79	300	118
14	105	2120	117

References for further information:

S. K. Varshney, Z. Gao, Xing Fu Zhong, A. Eisenberg
“Effect of Lithium Chloride on the “Living”
Polymerization of tert-Butylmethacrylate and Polymer
Microstructure Using Monofunctional Initiators”
Macromolecules, 1994, 27, 1076.