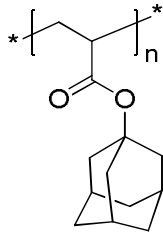


**Sample Name:** Poly(1-adamantyl methacrylate)

**Sample #** P9365C-ADMMA

**Structure:**



**Composition:**

$M_n \times 10^3$ (g/mol)	13.0
$M_w/M_n$	1.15
Microstructure tacticity:	Heterotactic > 85%
Glass transition temperature:	$T_g = 203^\circ\text{C}$

**Synthesis:**

Poly(1-adamantyl methacrylate) is obtained by anionic polymerization method.

**Characterization:**

The molecular structure and purity of the polymer were confirmed by proton NMR spectroscopy.

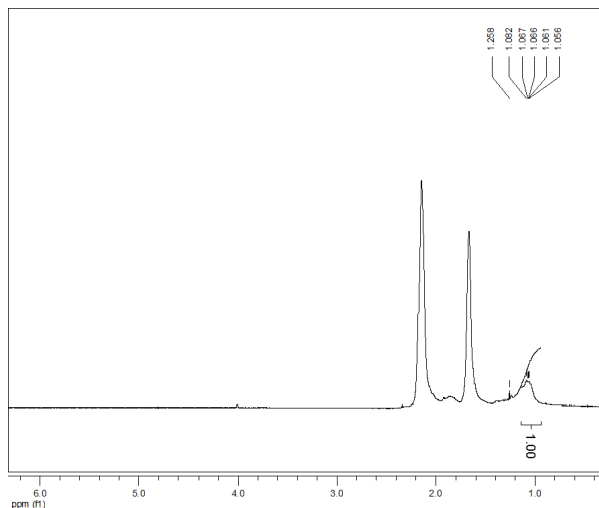
The molecular weight and polydispersity index ( $M_w/M_n$ ) of the polymer were obtained by size exclusion chromatography (SEC) using THF as an eluent.

Thermal analysis was performed on TA Instruments Q100 differential scanning calorimeter (DSC) under a nitrogen atmosphere. The glass transition temperature ( $T_g$ ) of the polymer was measured at a scan rate of  $10^\circ\text{C}/\text{min}$  shortly after creating thermal history of the sample.

**Solubility:**

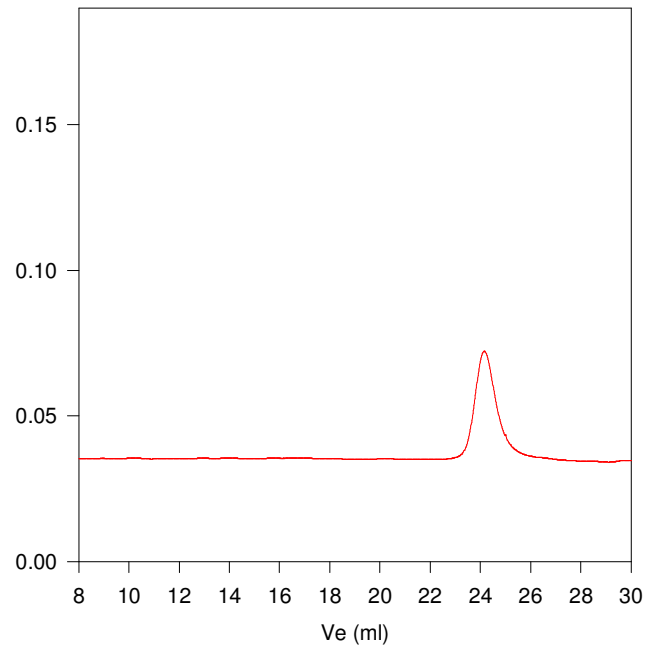
Poly(1-adamantyl methacrylate) is soluble in THF, chloroform, toluene, and 1,4-dioxane. The polymer precipitates from hexanes, methanol, and ethanol.

**$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of the polymer in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ :**



**SEC elugram of the polymer:**

**P9365C-ADMMA**



Size exclusion chromatograph of Poly adamantyl methacrylate:

$M_n=13,000$ ,  $M_w=15,000$ ,  $PI=1.15$

**DSC thermogram (2<sup>nd</sup> heating scan,  $10^\circ\text{C}/\text{min}$ ):**

