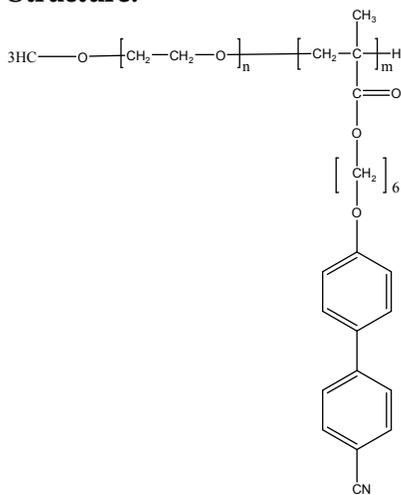


**Sample Name:**

**Poly(ethylene oxide-b-6-(4'-cyanobiphenyl-4-yloxy)hexyl methacrylate**

Sample #: *P9534-EO4CNBPBMA*

**Structure:****Composition:**

Mn x 10 <sup>3</sup>	PDI
PEO-b-4CNBPBMA	3.8
3.8-b-4.5	1.18

**Synthesis Procedure:**

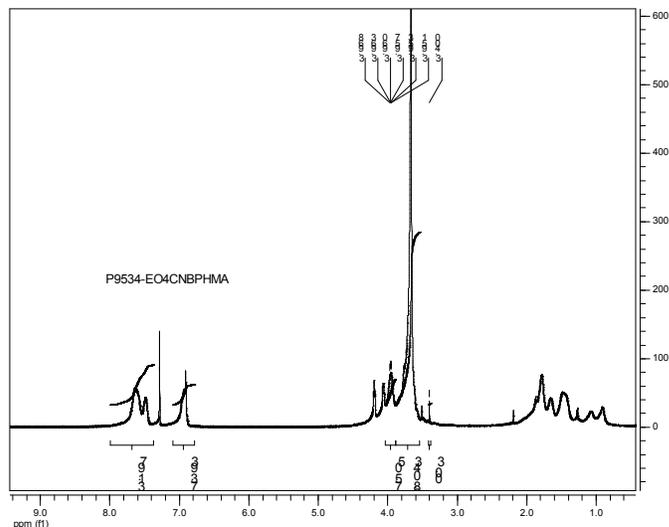
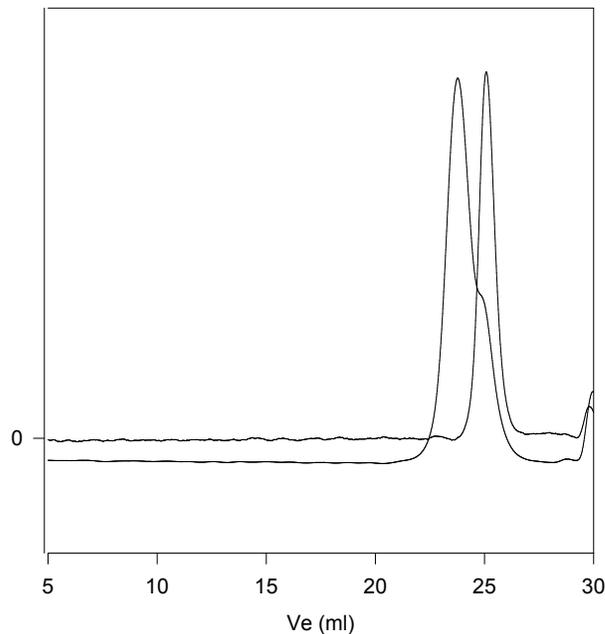
Polymer is synthesized by ionic polymerization process.

**Purification of the polymer:**

The un-reacted PEG can be removed by stirring the polymer in hot water/Methanol. The obtained polymer dissolved in CHCl<sub>3</sub>/toluene and pass through the column packed with silica. The polymer was recovered by precipitation in cold ether/hexane mixture.

**Solubility:**

Polymer is soluble in CHCl<sub>3</sub>, THF and toluene. The polymer precipitated out from hexane.

**HNMR of the Product:****SEC of the block copolymer:****P9534-EO4CNBPBMA**

Size exclusion chromatography of the product:

— Poly(ethylene oxide), M<sub>n</sub>=3800, M<sub>w</sub>=4000, PI=1.05

— Block Copolymer PEO(3800)-b-4-CNBPBMA (4500), PI=1.18

## Thermal analysis of the P9534- EO4CNBPHMA

Thermal analysis of the samples was carried out on a TA Q100 differential scanning calorimeter at a heating rate of 10°C/min. The midpoint of the slope change of the heat flow plot of the second heating scan was considered as the glass transition temperature ( $T_g$ ).

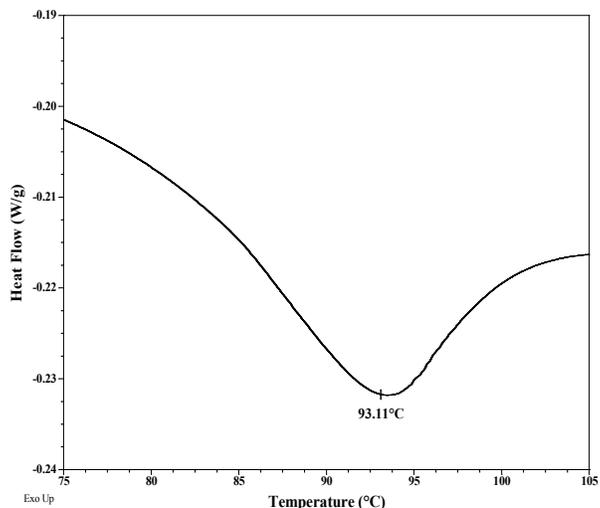
### Melting and crystallization curve for the sample

The melting temperature ( $T_m$ ) was taken as the maximum of the endothermic peak where as the crystallization temperature ( $T_c$ ) was considered as the minimum of the exothermic peak.

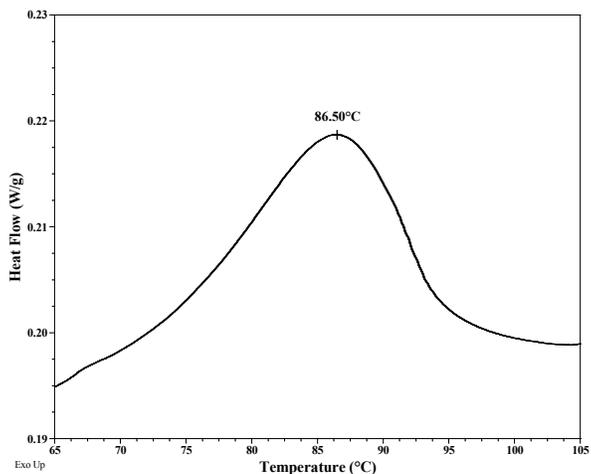
Typical thermal analysis results at a glance:

Sample	$T_m$ (°C)	$T_c$ (°C)	$T_g$ (°C)
EO	38	-14	-20
4CNBPHMA	93	87	-

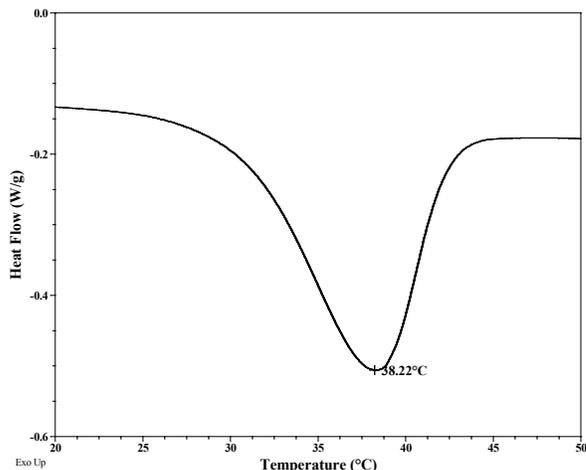
### Melting curve for EO4CNBPHMA



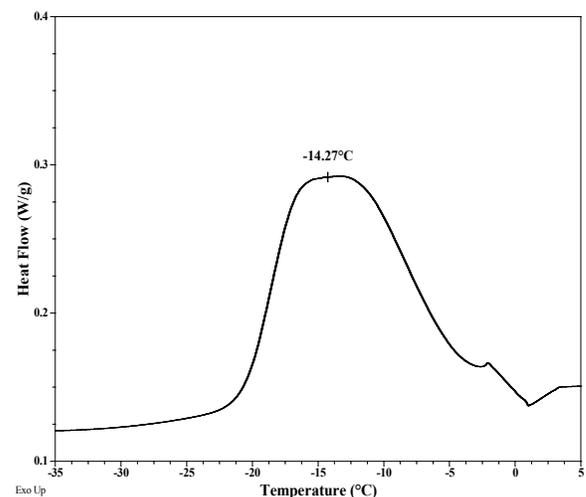
### Crystallization curve for EO4CNBPHMA



### Melting curve for PEO block:



### Crystallization curve for PEO block:



### Thermogram for PEO block:

