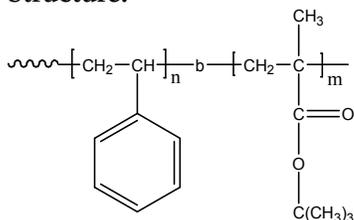


## Sample Name: Poly(styrene-b-t-butyl methacrylate)

### Sample #: P10025-StBuMA

#### Structure:



#### Composition:

Mn x 10 <sup>3</sup> S-b-tBuMA	Mw/Mn (PDI)
8.0-b-22.5	1.5

#### Glass transition temperature at a glance

T <sub>g</sub> for PS block	Not distinct
T <sub>g</sub> for tBuMA block	122°C

#### Synthesis Procedure:

Poly(styrene-b-t-butyl methacrylate) is prepared by anionic polymerization with sequence addition of styrene followed by t-butyl methacrylate.

#### Characterization:

An aliquot of the polystyrene block was terminated before addition of t-butyl methacrylate and analyzed by size exclusion chromatography (SEC) to obtain the molecular weight and polydispersity index (PDI). The final block copolymer composition was calculated from <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectroscopy by comparing the peak area of the styrene protons at 6.3-7.2 ppm with the peak area of t-butyl methacrylate protons at 1.43 ppm. Block copolymer PDI is determined by SEC.

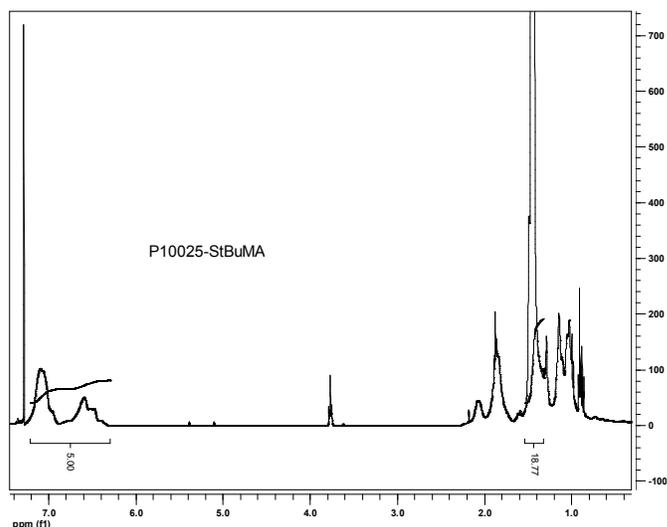
#### Thermal analysis

Thermal analysis of the samples was carried out on a TA Q100 differential scanning calorimeter at a heating rate of 10°C/min. The midpoint of the slope change of the heat flow plot of the second heating scan was considered as the glass transition temperature (T<sub>g</sub>).

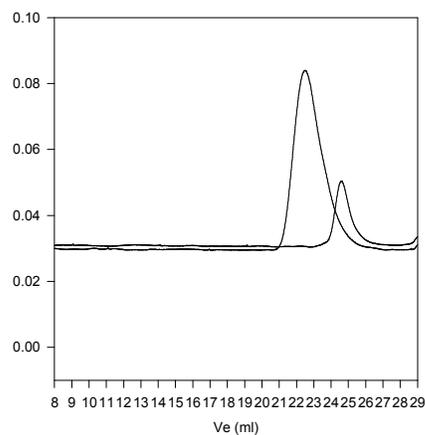
#### Solubility:

Poly(styrene-b-t-butyl methacrylate) is soluble in THF, dioxane, CHCl<sub>3</sub>.

## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the sample



## SEC profile of the block copolymer P10025-StBuMA



Size exclusion chromatography of polystyrene-b-poly(t-butyl methacrylate)

— Polystyrene, M<sub>n</sub>=8000, M<sub>w</sub>=9200, PI=1.15  
— Block Copolymer PS(8000)-b-PtBuMA(22500), PI=1.5

## Thermogram for tBuMA block

