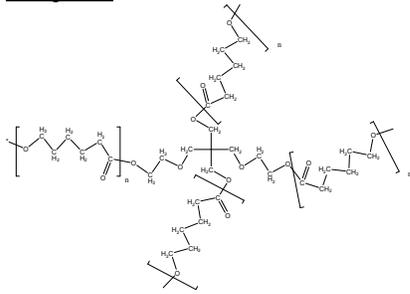


Sample Name:

**Four arm Poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

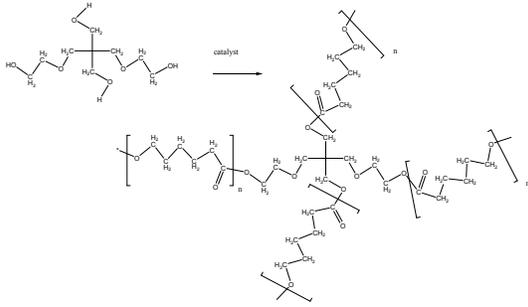
**Sample #: P10003-4EOCL**



$M_n \times 10^{-3}$ (branch)	PDI
0.27-b-1.5 (0.442)	1.3

### Synthesis Procedure:

The polymer was prepared by ring opening polymerization of caprolactone using Tin octoate as the catalyst and initiator bearing 4 OH groups, bears  $M_n$  average of 224. The scheme of the reaction is illustrated below:



### Characterization:

The  $M_n$  of the polymer is calculated from  $^1H$ -NMR spectroscopy by comparing the peak area of the core protons at about 3.6 ppm with the caprolactone protons at about 4.1 ppm. Polydispersity is determined by size exclusion chromatography (SEC): Varian liquid chromatograph equipped with UV and refractive detector. SEC columns from Supelco were used with THF containing 2 vol% (Et)3N as the eluent.

### Purification of the obtained polymer:

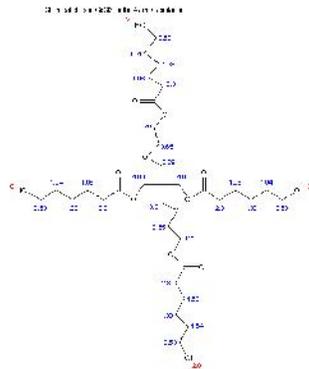
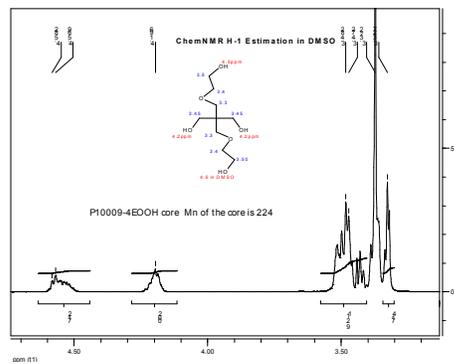
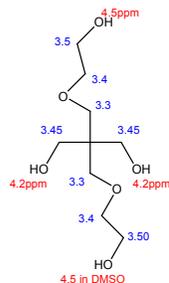
Purification of the obtained polymer was carried out rigorously as discussed below to ensure the removal of the catalyst and traces amount of unreacted 4-hydroxy core based on pentaerythritol.

1. Dissolved the polymer dichloromethane, solution filtered and then passed through a column packed with basic  $Al_2O_3$ .
2. Solution concentrated on rota-evaporator

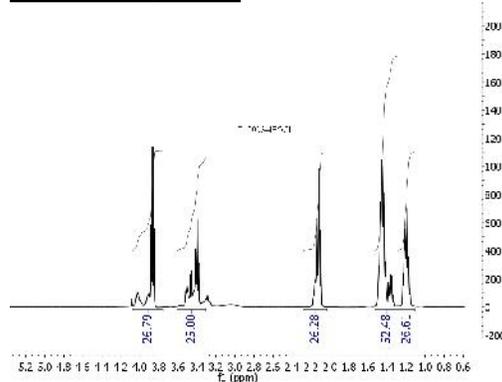
3. Solution precipitated in cold diethyl ether.
4. Dried under vacuum for 48h at 150 °C to remove any low molecular weights oligomeric species

### Analysis by $^1H$ NMR: Core

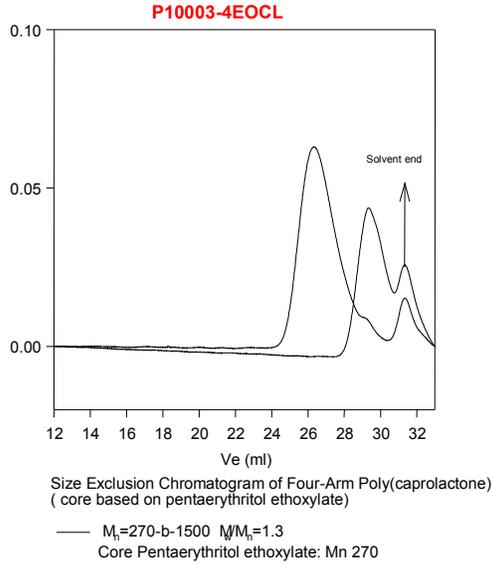
Chemical shifts of Core: Estimation in DMSO



### NMR of the product



**SEC of the product:**



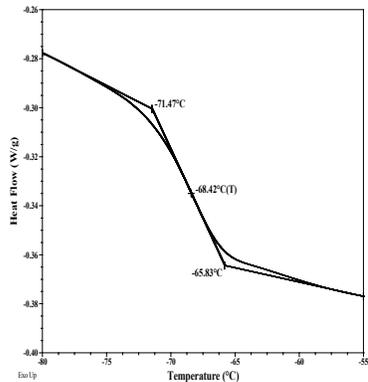
**Thermal analysis of the sample**

Thermal analysis of the samples was carried out on a TA Q100 differential scanning calorimeter at a heating rate of 10°C/min. The midpoint of the slope change of the heat flow plot of the second heating scan was considered as the glass transition temperature ( $T_g$ ).

**Melting and crystallization curve for the sample**

The melting temperature ( $T_m$ ) was taken as the maximum of the endothermic peak where as the crystallization temperature ( $T_c$ ) was considered as the minimum of the exothermic peak.

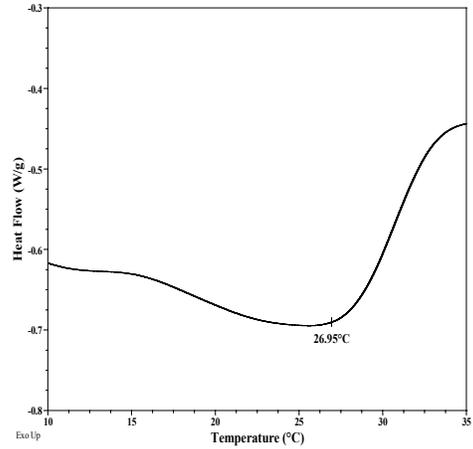
**Glass transition temperature for 4CL**



**Thermal analysis results at a glance**

$T_m$ (°C)	$T_c$ (°C)	$T_g$ (°C)
27	-07	-68

**Melting curve for the CL sample:**



**Crystallization curve for the CL sample:**

